

BRANCH OFFICE: B-5, SECTOR-6, NOIDA - 201 301 (U.P.)
TEL.: +91 - 120 - 4241000, FAX: +91-120-4241007

E-MAIL: taxaid@jcbhalla.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Members of Prayosha Expo Private Limited

## Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of Prayosha Expo Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Ind AS Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

#### Information other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of its report (herein after called as "Board Report") which comprises various information required under section 134(3) of the Companies Act 2013 but does not include the Ind AS Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements does not cover the Board Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Board Report identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Board Report is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Directors' Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.



# Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risk, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ➤ Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- ➤ Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If



we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Ind AS Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Ind AS Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Ind AS Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. No matters were identified in the current period which were significant and required disclosure as the key audit matters.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. in our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - e. on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;



- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, remuneration paid to the directors is in accordance with the section 197.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i) The impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2025, has been disclosed in Note B37 of the Ind AS Financial Statements.
  - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
  - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv) (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under clause g(iv)(a) and g(iv)(b) above contain any material misstatement.
  - v) The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
  - vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, and the management has represented that the audit trail feature cannot be disabled and the Audit Trail feature has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.



2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order, 2020") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure 2, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, 2020.

# For J.C. Bhalla & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 001111N

(Akhil Bhalla)

Partner

Membership No. 505002

UDIN: 25505002BMILNV3761

Place: New Delhi Date: May 22, 2025



Annexure 1 to Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statement of Prayosha Expo Private Limited

Referred to in paragraph 1(f) of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date.

Report on the Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to the Ind AS Financial Statements of Prayosha Expo Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial control. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to the Ind AS Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.



# A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to Ind AS Financial Statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with respect to these financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2025, based on the internal control with reference to these financial statement criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For J.C. Bhalla & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 001111N

A

(Akhil Bhalla)

Partner

Membership No. 505002 UDIN:25505002BMILNV3761

Place: New Delhi Date: May 22, 2025 Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report referred to in paragraph 2 under the heading "Report on other Legal and Regulatory requirements" of our report on the Ind AS Financial Statements of Prayosha Expo Private Limited as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025.

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- 1. (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Intangible Assets.
  - (b) Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year. As explained to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification as compared to the book records. In our opinion the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its activities.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no immovable property (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), held by the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Accordingly, clause (i)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, clause (i)(e) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 2. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable, and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crores rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point during the year. Accordingly, clause (ii)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.



3. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, during the year except to one entity as follows:

| Particulars   | Loan amount      |
|---|------------------|
| Aggregate amount granted during the year                |                  |
| - Fellow Subsidiaries (Merhaki Foods & Nutrition Pvt    | Nil              |
| Ltd)  |                  |
| Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect |                  |
| of above case   |                  |
| - Principal   | Rs. 50 million   |
| - Interest accrued                                      | Rs. 0.46 million |

The terms and conditions for grant of the above loan are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.

- 4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not given any loans, or made any investments, or provided any guarantee, or security as specified under section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause (iv) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 5. As per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits, or which are deemed to be deposits from the public within the meaning of Section 73 to Section 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under during the year. Accordingly, clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 6. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, in respect of business activities carried out by the Company. Accordingly, clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 7. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our verification of records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues applicable to it though there has been a slight delay in few cases. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of aforesaid dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) The dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and other statutory dues have not been deposited on account of any dispute, are as follows:

| Chartered Accountants |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| (I)                   |  |

| Name of the statute | Nature of the dues | Amount (Rs) | Period to which<br>the amount<br>relates | Forum where the dispute is pending | , |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|------------------------------------|---|
| Income              | Income             | 1,982,965   | FY 2022-2023                             | Income Tax                         |   |

| Tax Act, 1961                     | Tax |           |                 | Assessing<br>Officer                |  |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Goods and<br>Service<br>Tax, 2017 | GST | 5,199,153 | Various Periods | Deputy<br>Commercial<br>Tax Officer |  |

- 8. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions, which are not recorded in the books of account, have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 9. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company have not defaulted in the repayment of loans and other borrowing or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - (c) On the basis of an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, in our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not obtained any term loan during the year. Accordingly, clause (ix)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, clause (ix)(e) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
  - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, clause (ix)(f) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 10. (a) On the basis of an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, in our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debts instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause (x)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partially or optionally convertible) during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 11. (a) During the course of our examination of the books of accounts and records carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,



- 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- 12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 188 of the Act where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. Further, the requirements as stipulated by the provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- 14. In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 for the period under audit. Accordingly, clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with any of the directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 16. According to the information and explanations given to us the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Accordingly, Clause (xvi)(a), (xvi) (b) and (xvi) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 17. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not incurred cash loss in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Ind AS Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.



- 20. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any unspent amount on account of Corporate Social Responsibility. Accordingly, Clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- 21. The reporting under clause xxi of the Order is not applicable at the standalone level of reporting.

For J. C. Bhalla & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 001111N

(Akhil Bhalla)

Partner

Membership No. 505002

UDIN: 25505002BMILNV3761

Place: New Delhi Date: May 22, 2025 Prayosha Expo Private Limited CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612 Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

| A. ASSETS   Non current assets   81  |          |                                      | Notes | As at                                  | As a:          |
|--|----------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|----------------|
| 1. Non current assets   1.26   |          |                                      |       | March 31, 2025                         | March 31, 2024 |
| (a)  | A.       | ASSETS                               |       |  |                |
| (b)   Inangible assets   B2  | 1.       | Non current assets                   |       |  |                |
| (b)   Intangible assets   B2   | (a)      | Property, plant and equipments       | 81    | 1.26                                   | 1.20           |
| Color   Colo   | (b)      | Intangible assets                    | 82    |  | 0.03           |
| Canal   Cana   | (c)      | Deferred tax assets (net)            | 83    |  | 0.36           |
| Total non-current assets   2.22  | (d)      |                                      | 84    |  |                |
| Inventories  |          | Total non-current assets             |       | 2.22                                   | 4.80           |
| Financial assets   Financial a   | 2.       | Current assets                       |       |  |                |
| (b) Financial assets i. Trade receivables ii. Cash and cash equivalents iii. Loans iii. Loans iii. Cash and cash equivalents iii. Loans iii. Cash and cash equivalents iii. Loans iii. Cash and cash equivalents iii. Loans iii. Common the common the common the common that iii. Common the common that iii. Common th | (a)      | Inventories                          | 85    | 141 41                                 | 59.93          |
| H. Cash and cash equivalents   B7  |          | Financial assets                     | "-    | ******                                 | 30.03          |
| II. Cash and cash equivalents   B7   |          | i. Trade receivables                 | B6    | 22 57                                  | 20.20          |
| III   Loans   B8   50.00   5   |          | ii. Cash and cash equivalents        |       |  |                |
| (c) Other current assets   |          |                                      |       |  |                |
| Column   |          | iv. Other financial assets           | 1 1   |  |                |
| Total current assets   347.06   255.9  | (c)      | Other current assets                 |       |  |                |
| Equity And Liabilities   Equity   Equ   | .,       | Total current assets                 |       |  | 255.92         |
| Equity And Liabilities   Equity   Equ   |          | TOTAL ASSETS (1+2)                   |       | 240.30                                 | 250 75         |
| Equity   Equity share capital   B11  | R.       | FOURTY AND LIABILITIES               |       | 343.28                                 | 250.72         |
| (a) Equity share capital Other equity Total equity 1812 330.49 250.1  Liabilities Non-current liabilities Provisions 17 otal non-current liabilities 0.63 0.53 0.59  Current Liabilities 0.63 0.59  Current Liabilities 0.71 0.71 0.75  Current Liabilities 0.75  Curr |          |                                      |       |  |                |
| (b) Other equity Total equity  Liabilities  Non-current liabilities  Non-current liabilities  Provisions Total non-current liabilities  Current Liabilities i. Borrowings ii. Trade payables Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises iii. Other financial liabilities iii. Other financial liabilities  (c) (c) (d) (e) (e) Current Liabilities  B18  0.63  0.53  0.55  0.63  0.4  1.1  1.1  1.1  1.1  1.1  1.1  1.1  |          | 1 · · ·                              | R11   | 0.0                                    |                |
| Total equity   330.59   250.2  |          |                                      |       |  |                |
| Liabilities Non-current liabilities Provisions Total non-current liabilities  Current Liabilities  i. Borrowings ii. Trade payables Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises iii. Other financial liabilities iii. Other financial liabilities 6:0 Other current liabilities 815 Other current liabilities 816 Other current liabilities 817 Other current liabilities 818 Other current liabilities 819 Other current liabilities 810 Other current liabilities 811 Other current liabilities 812 Other current liabilities 813 Other current liabilities 814 Other current liabilities 815 Other current liabilities 816 Other current liabilities 817 Other current liabilities 818 Other current liabilities 819 Other current liabilities 810 Other current liabilities 811 Other current liabilities 812 Other current liabilities 813 Other current liabilities 815 Other current liabilities 816 Other current liabilities 817 Other current liabilities 818 Other current liabilities 819 Other current liabilities 810 Other current liabilities 811 Other current liabilities 812 Other current liabilities 813 Other current liabilities 815 Other current liabilities 816 Other current liabilities 817 Other current liabilities 818 Other current liabilities 819 Other current liabilities 810 Other current liabilities 810 Other current liabilities 811 Other current liabilities 812 Other current liabilities 813 Other current liabilities 814 Other current liabilities 815 Other current liabilities 816 Other current liabilities 817 Other current liabilities 818 Other current liabilities 819 Other current liabilities 810 Other current liabilities   |          |                                      | D12   | ************************************** |                |
| 2. Non-current liabilities Provisions Total non-current liabilities Current Liabilities Financial habilities i. Borrowings ii. Trade payables Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises iii. Other financial liabilities (c) Other current liabilities (d) Provisions (e) Current tax liabilities (Net) Total current liabilities  Provisions  B18  0.63  0.5  0.5  0.63  0.63  0.63  0.4  0.4  0.4  0.4  0.5  0.4  0.5  0.5  |          | - van valuis                         |       | 330,39                                 | 250.20         |
| 2. (a)       Non-current liabilities       818       0.63       0.5         Total non-current liabilities       0.63       0.5         Current Liabilities       0.63       0.5         Financial habilities       0.63       0.5         i. Borrowings       813       -       0.4         ii. Trade payables       814       -       0.4         Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises       1.1       1.1       1.1         Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises       6.35       2.4         enterprises       11.0       0.71       2.2         iii. Other financial liabilities       815       0.71       2.2         (c)       Other current liabilities       816       2.50       3.6         (d)       Provisions       817       0.21       0.0         (e)       Current tax liabilities       818       6.58       -         Total current liabilities       18.06       9.9   |          | Liabilities                          |       |  |                |
| (a) Provisions Total non-current liabilities   | 2.       | Non-current liabilities              |       |  |                |
| Total non-current liabilities  Current Liabilities  Financial fiabilities  i. Borrowings  ii. Trade payables  Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises  Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises  iii. Other financial liabilities  Current liabilities  B15  Other current liabilities  B16  Provisions  B17  Current tax liabilities (Net)  Total current liabilities  0.53  0.53  0.53  0.53  0.53  0.53  0.4  0.4  0.4  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.5  0.5   |          |                                      | BIS   | 0.62                                   | 0.50           |
| (b) Financial flabilities i. Borrowings ii. Trade payables Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises iii. Other financial liabilities B15 Other current liabilities B16 Provisions B17 Outline Current tax liabilities Current tax liabilities B18 Current tax liabilities B19  |          | Total non-current liabilities        |       |  | 0.56           |
| (b) Financial flabilities i. Borrowings ii. Trade payables Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises iii. Other financial liabilities B15 Other current liabilities B16 Provisions B17 Outline Current tax liabilities Current tax liabilities B18 Current tax liabilities B19  |          | Current Liabilities                  |       |  |                |
| ii. Borrowings iii. Trade payables Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises iii. Other financial liabilities B15 Other current liabilities B16 Provisions B17 Ourrent tax liabilities (Net) Total current liabilities  B13 B14  1.1  6.35 2.4  6.35 2.4  6.35 2.2  816 2.60 3.6  817 0.21 0.0  818 6.58 - Total current liabilities  18.06 9.9   |          |                                      |       |  |                |
| iii. Trade payables  Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises  Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises  iii. Other financial liabilities  B15  Other current liabilities  B16  Provisions  B17  Ourent tax liabilities (Net)  Total current liabilities  B14  1.1  1.1  1.1  1.1  1.2  2.2  3.6  3.6  2.0  3.6  3.6  3.6  3.7  3.6  3.7  3.6  3.6  |          |                                      | R13   |  | 0.47           |
| Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises   1.61   1.1   |          |                                      |       | *                                      | 0.47           |
| Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises   6.35   2.4  |          |                                      | 014   | 1.61                                   |                |
| enterprises  |          |                                      |       |  |                |
| Other current liabilities  |          |                                      |       | 6.35                                   | 2.44           |
| Other current liabilities  |          | iii. Other financial liabilities     | 815   | 0.71                                   | 2.25           |
| Provisions   B17   0.21   0.0  | (c)      | Other current liabilities            | B16   |  | 3.64           |
| (e) Current tax liabilities (Net) B18 6.58 Total current liabilities 18.06 9.9   | (d)      | Provisions                           | B17   |  | 0.00           |
| Total current liabilities 18.06 9.9  | (e)      | Current tax fiabilities (Net)        | B18   |  | •              |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (1+2+3)   |          | Total current liabilities            |       |  | 9.97           |
|  | $\dashv$ | TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (1+2+3) | +     | 240.50                                 | 260.72         |

Summary of material accounting policies

Α

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For J. C. Bhalla & Co.

For J. C. Bhalla & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 001111N

Akhil Bhalla

Partner

Membership No. 505002

Place - New Delhi Date - May 22, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Prayosha Expo Private Limited

Director
DIN - 11077148

Anuj Jain SandipKumar Arvindonai Patel

DIN - 02884245( 3

|     |   | Notes | For the year ended | For the year ended |
|-----|---|-------|--------------------|--------------------|
|     |   |       | March 31, 2025     | March 31, 202      |
| 1.  | INCOME  |       |                    |                    |
| (a) | Revenue from operations                               | 819   | 603.41             | 526.0              |
| (b) | Other income  | 820   | 8.43               | 8.5                |
|     | Total income  |       | 611.84             | 534.5              |
| 2.  | EXPENSES  |       |                    |                    |
| (a) | Purchase of stock-in-trade                            | 821   | 361.80             | 353.1              |
| (b) | Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade              | B22   | (82.58)            | 11.1               |
| (c) | Employee benefits expense                             | B23   | 11.71              | 12.9               |
| (d) | Finance costs   | 824   | 0.92               | 0.0                |
| (e) | Depreciation and amortisation expenses                | B25   | 0.42               | 0.3                |
| (1) | Other expenses  | B26   | 211.52             | 80.9               |
|     | Total expenses  |       | 503.79             | 458.4              |
| 3,  | Profit before tax                                     |       | 108.05             | 76.1               |
| 4.  | Tax expense   |       |                    |                    |
| (a) | Current tax expense                                   |       | 28.17              | 19.5               |
| (b) | Adjustment to tax related to earlier years            |       | 0.12               | 0.2                |
| (c) | Deferred tax  | B3    | (0.60)             | (0.0)              |
|     | Total   |       | 27.69              | 19.                |
| 5.  | Net profit for the year (3 - 4)                       |       | 80.36              | 56.1               |
| 6.  | Other comprehensive income                            |       |                    |                    |
|     | Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | 1 1   |                    |                    |
| ı   | Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligation  |       | 0.04               | 0,0                |
| 11  | Income tax relating to items not reclassified         |       | (0.01)             | •                  |
|     | Other comprehensive income (I + II)                   |       | 0.03               | 0.0                |
|     | Total comprehensive income for the year (5 + 6)       |       | 80.39              | 56.3               |
| _   | Total comprehensive macane for the year (5 + 9)       |       | 00.39              | 56.                |
|     | Earning per equity share                              | 827   |                    |                    |
|     | Basic and Diluted (In INR)                            |       | 8.036.15           | 5,635.1            |

Summary of material accounting policies

A

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For J. C. Shalla & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn No. 001111N

Akhil Bhalla

Partner

Membership No. 505002

Place - New Delhi Date - May 22, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Prayosha Expo Private Limited

Anui Jain Director

DIN - 11077148

Sandipkumar Arvindbhai Patel Director DIN - 02884745 Prayosha Expo Private Limited CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

|       |   | For the year ended | For the year ended |
|-------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
|       |   | March 31, 2025     | March 31, 2024     |
| A.    | CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                             |                    |                    |
|       | Net profit before tax   | 108.05             | 76.11              |
| Add   | Adjustments for:  |                    |                    |
|       | Depreciation and amortisation expenses                          | 0.42               | 0.36               |
|       | Allowance for trade receivables                                 | 0.76               | 0.01               |
|       | Finance costs   | 0.92               | (8.02              |
|       | Interest income   | (8.41)             |                    |
|       | Foreign exchange fluctuation income                             |                    | (0 27              |
|       | Operating cash flows before working capital changes             | 101.74             | 68.19              |
|       | Changes in working capital                                      |                    |                    |
|       | Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:      |                    |                    |
|       | Inventories   | (82.57)            | 11.09              |
|       | Trade receivables   | (3.04)             | (7.68              |
|       | Other financial assets  | (0.10)             | (0.32              |
|       | Other current assets  | (66.46)            | (12.06             |
|       | Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities: | (40.40)            | /xe.40             |
|       | Trade payables  | 4.40               | (2.24              |
|       | Other financial liabilities (current)                           | (1.53)             | 194                |
|       | Other liabilities (current)                                     | (1.04)             | 2.87               |
|       | Provision (current)   | 0.22               | 0.17               |
|       | Cash (used in)/generated from operations                        | (48.38)            | 61.96              |
| l ess | Direct taxes paid (net of refund)                               | (18.44)            | (22.32             |
|       | Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities          | (66.82)            | 39.63              |
| В.    | CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                             | (00.02)            | 35.03              |
|       | Purchase of property, plant and equipment                       | (0.47)             | (0.83              |
|       | Loan given  | (0.47)             | (50.00             |
|       | Interest received   | 8.41               | 8 02               |
|       | Net cash used in investing activities                           | 7.94               | (42.80             |
| C.    | CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                             | 7,54               | [42.00             |
| ٠.    | Proceeds/ (Repayment) from Current borrowings (net)             | (0.47)             | 0.47               |
|       | Finance charges paid  | (0.92)             |                    |
|       | Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities        | (1.39)             | (0.01              |
| _     |   |                    | 0.46               |
|       | Net (used in) / generated in cash and cash equivalents A+B+C    | (60.27)            | (2.71              |
|       | Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year          | 61.46              | 64.17              |
|       | Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year             | 1.19               | 61.46              |
|       | COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS                         |                    |                    |
|       | Cash in hand  | 0.15               | 0.00               |
|       | With banks  |                    |                    |
|       | - In current account  | 0.03               | 0.04               |
|       | - In deposit account  | 1.01               | 61.41              |
|       | Total   | 1.19               | 61.46              |

Summary of material accounting policies

Α

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For J. C. Bhalla & Co.

For J. C. Bhalla & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 001111N

Akhil Bhalla Partner

Membership No. 505002

Place - New Delhi Date - May 22, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Prayosha Expo Private Limited

Anuj Jain Director

DIN - 11077148

Arvindbhai Patel Director DIN - 02884745 Prayosha Expo Private Limited
CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612
Statement of changes in equity for the use

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

| A. Equity Share Capital      |                      |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Particulars                  |                      |
| Balance as at April 01, 2023 | Equity Share Capital |
| Change in share capital      | 0.10                 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2024 | *                    |
| Change in share capital      | 0.10                 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2025 |                      |
|                              | O.10                 |

| В |   | О | tl | 1é i | ·E | a | u | ĺħ | ı |
|---|---|---|----|------|----|---|---|----|---|
| _ | - | _ | -  | -    |    | - | - | -  | L |

| Particulars                  | Other quity       | Other comprehensive income                        | Total           |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------|
|                              | Retained earnings | Remeasurement of net defined<br>benefit liability | 1 OTAL          |
| Balance as at April 01, 2023 | 193.86            |   | 193.73          |
| Profit for the year          | 56.35             | 0.01  | 56.37           |
| Balance as at March 31, 2024 | 250.22            | (0.12)  | 250.10          |
| Profit for the year          | 80.36             | 0.04  | 00.44           |
| Balance as at March 31, 2025 | 330.57            | (0.08)  | 80.41<br>330.50 |

Retained earnings: This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the company. This reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability: This reserve represents changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments recognized in Other comprehensive income and subsequently not reclassified to the Statement of profit and loss.

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For J. C. Bhalla & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 001111N

Akhil Bhalla

Partner

Membership No. 505002

Place - New Delhi Date - May 22, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Prayosha Expo Private Limited

Anuj Jain SandipKumar Arvindobai Patel
Director

DIN - 11077148 DIN - 02884745

# A NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1 Corporate information

Prayosha Expo Private Limited is a Private incorporated on 26 May 2011. It is classified as Non-govt company and is registered at Registrar of Companies, Shed No. C18/267, GIDC, Opp. Prakruti Titles, Makarpura Industrial Estate, Vadodara, Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 390010. Its authorized share capital is Rs. 100,000 and its paid-up capital is Rs. 100,000. The Company is engaged in trading of Mosquito nets and other consumable products.

# 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time, and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The company's material accounting policies are included in Note B2.3 to B2.19.

#### 2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act., 2013 ('Act'). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

The Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards and Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

#### Historical cost convention

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

#### Basis of measurement

The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

| Items   | Measurement<br>basis |
|---|----------------------|
| Certain financial assets and liabilities        | Fair value           |
| Equity-settled share-based payment arrangements | Fair value           |

#### Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about the assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require in material adjustment to the carrying value of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

### Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (\*INR\*) Millions, which is also the functional currency of the Company. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest million, unless otherwise stated.

#### Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the Standalone Financial Statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment are included in the following notes:

- Note 3- Recognition of DTL, Non-availability of future taxable profit against which tax losses carried forward can be used.
- Note 34- Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial assumptions;
- Note 2.7 II (a)- Impairment of Goodwill
- Note 2.7 I- Expected credit loss for trade receivable

#### Prayosha Expo Private Limited CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

## Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### Measurement of fair values

A number of the Companies accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values wherein the overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values is supervised by the Chief Financial Officer.

This includes review of significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information is used to measure fair values, then the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified is assessed.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- · Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or flability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

Note 29 - Fair value measurements

#### Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria.

- it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle.
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

A flability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- · it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current assets/liabilities include current portion of non-current financial assets/liabilities respectively. All other assets/liabilities are classified as noncurrent. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### The material accounting policies are set out below:

#### 2.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods/ services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expect to be entitled for those goods/ services.

To recognize revenues, the Company applies the following five-step approach:

- -Identify the contract with a customer;
- -Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- -Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Recognise revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied.

#### Revenue from Sale of goods

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The various discounts and schemes offered by the Company as part of the contract.

Goods and Service Tax (GST) is not received by the Company in its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

ANCOONN'S WELL

## Prayosha Expo Private Limited

#### CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### Contract balances

The Policy for Contract balances i.e. contract assets, trade receivables and contract liabilities is as follows:

#### a. Contract assets and trade receivables

The Company classifies its right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue. A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenues in excess of billings is recorded as unbilled revenue and is classified as a financial asset where the right to consideration is unconditional upon passage of time. Unbilled revenue which is conditional is classified as other current asset. Trade receivables and unbilled revenue is presented net of impairment. Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in financial instruments – initial recognition and subsequent measurement.

#### b. Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to deliver services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration or part thereof (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company deliver services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

#### Interest Income

Recognition of interest income or expense

Interest income or expense is recognised using the effective interest method.

The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial asset; or
- the amortised cost of the financial liability

In calculating interest income and expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortised cost of the liability. However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross basis.

#### LRD Fees

This is facilitation fee of 2% by fellow subsidiary to its affiliated entities or partners to support subvention or business enablement activities. These fees are referred to as LRD fees and are intended to compensate the Company for its role in enabling and managing the underlying commercial transactions.

#### Subvention fees

Subvention represents the allocation of losses from one entity within the group to another fellow subsidiary. These transactions are undertaken to support the financial position of a fellow subsidiary and do not arise from external customer contracts. Subvention amounts are not recognized as revenue but are accounted for as intercompany support transactions and eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

#### Business enablement fees

Business enablement represents the allocation of profits from one entity within the group to another fellow subsidiary. These transactions are undertaken to support the financial position of a fellow subsidiary and do not arise from external customer contracts. Business enablement amounts are recognized as revenue in standalone financial statements and eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

### 2.4 Property, plant and equipment ('PPE')

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalized until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by management. Other incidental expenditure attributable to bringing the fixed assets to their working condition for intended use are capitalized. Subsequent expenditure relating to fixed assets is capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the written-down method.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost less their residual values over their useful lives, using the written-down method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

The estimated useful life considered for the assets are as under.

| Category of assets     | Number of years |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| Plant and machinery    | 15              |
| Office equipments      | 5               |
| IT Equipments          | 3/              |
| Furniture and fixtures | 10              |



## Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a written-down basis, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry, and known technological advances), and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed periodically including at each financial year end.

The useful life considered for the intangible assets are as under:

| Category of Assets | No. of Years |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Software license   | 5            |
| Trademark          | 5            |

#### 2.6 Financial instruments

#### Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial assets and habilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

#### II Subsequent

measurement

#### Non-derivative financial instruments

#### Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

## ii. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model. Further, in cases where the Company has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### iii. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

#### iv. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

## III Derecognition of financial instruments

#### Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

#### Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.



#### IV Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices and dealer quotes. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

#### V Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.7 Impairment

#### 1 Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to diffetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

#### 11 Non-financial assets

# Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

The Companies non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

The goodwill impairment test is performed at the level of the cash-generating unit or groups of cash-generating units which are benefitting from the synergies of the acquisition and which represents the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Market related information and estimates are used to determine the recoverable amount. Key assumptions on which management has based its determination of recoverable amount include estimated long term growth rates, discount rates and terminal growth rates. Cash flow projections take into account past experience and represent management's best estimate about future developments.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognised in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not subsequently reversed. In respect of other assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### 2.8 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal / constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

## 2.9 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at rates of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the year-end. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

#### 2.10 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each year presented.

#### 2.11 Taxation

Income tax expense recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss comprised the sum of deferred tax and current tax except the ones recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognised in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits, Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Company recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets - unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

#### 2.12 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include wages and salaries, provident fund, employee state insurance scheme, gratuity fund and compensated absences.

#### Defined Contribution Plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.



# Prayosha Expo Private Limited

CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### Defined Benefit Plans

For defined benefit retirement plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the Balance Sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability are recognised directly in the other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- a, service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- b. net interest expense or income; and
- c. re-measurement

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

# The company is provides the following as defined benefits plan as -

#### Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan (the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each balance sheet date using the projected unit credit method. The Company recognizes the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its balance sheet as an asset or liability. Gains and losses through re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability/(asset) are recognized in other comprehensive income. The actual return of the portfolio of plan assets, in excess of the yields computed by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation is recognized other comprehensive income. The effect of any plan amendments are recognized in net profits in the statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g., under Payable to employee, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Provident fund

Eligible employees of the Company receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined benefit plan. Both the eligible employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company's contribution is recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss during the period in which the employee renders the related services.

#### d Compensated absences

The Company has a policy on compensated absences which are non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each balance sheet date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid/availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date. Expense on nonaccumulating compensated absences is recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

## 2.13 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on weighted average method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses and

The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item-by-item basis.

#### 2.14 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

#### 2.15 Other income

Other income is comprised primarily of interest income, exchange gain/loss on translation of other assets and liabilities, interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

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# Prayosha Expo Private Limited CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2.16 Leases

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Company uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option in assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

#### Company as a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for Building. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease hability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# Where the Company is the lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset is classified as an operating lease. Assets subject to operating leases are included in the property, plant and equipment. Rental income on an operating lease is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation, are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Balance sheet:

For leases that have been classified to date as operating leases in accordance with Ind AS 116, the lease liability will be recognised at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at 14% per annum. The right-of-use asset will generally be measured at the amount of the lease liability adjusted for advance payments and accrued liabilities from the previous financial year.

### Cash Flow Statement:

The change in presentation of operating lease expenses will result in a corresponding improvement in cash flows from operating activities and a decline in cash flows from financing activities.

#### 2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and balances with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term balances, as defined above. The cash flow statement is prepared using indirect method.

## 2.18 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount can not be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in the restated consolidated financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs. A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### 2.19 Rounding off amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest million as per the requirements of Schedule III of the Act unless otherwise stated.



# B1. Property, plant and equipment

|                          | IT Equipments | Electricals<br>Equipment | Forniture &<br>Fixtures | Plant & Machinery | Total |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| GROSS BLOCK              |               |                          |                         |                   | -     |
| As at April 01, 2023     | 0.63          | 0.65                     | 0.58                    | 0.42              | 2.26  |
| Additions                | 0.15          | 0.10                     | 0.22                    | 0.36              |       |
| Deductions               |               |                          | 0.22                    | 0.30              | 0 83  |
| As at March 31, 2024     | 0.78          | 0.75                     | 0.80                    | 0.78              | 3.09  |
| Additions                | 0.01          | 0.03                     | 0.42                    | 0.02              |       |
| Deductions               |               |                          | 0.42                    | 0.02              | 0.48  |
| As at March 31, 2025     | 0.79          | 0.78                     | 1.22                    | 0.80              | 3.57  |
| ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION | ON            |                          | 4.46                    | 0.00              | 3.37  |
| As at April 01, 2023     | 0.58          | 0.46                     | 0.36                    | 0.13              | 1.53  |
| Depreciation             | 0.09          | 0 10                     | 0.09                    | 0.07              | 0.36  |
| Deductions               |               |                          | 0.05                    | 0.07              |       |
| As at March 31, 2024     | 0.67          | 0.56                     | 0.45                    | 0.20              | 1.89  |
| Depreciation             | 0.06          | 0.08                     | 0.17                    | 0.11              | -     |
| Deductions               |               | -                        | 9.17                    | V.11              | 0.42  |
| As at March 31, 2025     | 0.73          | 0,64                     | 0.62                    | 0.22              | 0.04  |
| NETBLOCK                 |               | 9,04                     | 9.02                    | 0.31              | 2.31  |
| As at March 31, 2024     | 0.11          | 0.19                     | 0.35                    | 0.57              | 1 20  |
| As at March 31, 2025     | 0.06          | 0.13                     | 0.60                    | 0.49              | 1.20  |

#### B2. Intangible Assets

|                          | Softwares | Total |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------|
| GROSS BLOCK              |           |       |
| As at April 01, 2023     | 0.06      | 0.06  |
| Additions                | 0.00      | 0.00  |
| Deductions               |           |       |
| As at March 31, 2024     | 0.06      | 0.06  |
| Additions                |           | -     |
| Deductions               |           | _     |
| As at March 31, 2025     | 0.06      | 0.06  |
| ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION |           | 0.00  |
| As at April 01, 2023     | 0.03      | 0.03  |
| Amortisation             | 0.00      | 0.00  |
| Deductions               |           |       |
| As at March 31, 2024     | 0.03      | 0.03  |
| Amortisation             | 0.00      | 0.00  |
| Deductions               |           | 0.00  |
| As at March 31, 2025     | 0.03      | 0.03  |
| NET BLOCK                |           | 0.00  |
| As at March 31, 2024     | 0.03      | 0.03  |
| As at March 31, 2025     | 0.03      | 0.03  |



| Movement in deferred tax asset/liability                   | Opening<br>balance | Recognised in other comprehensive | Recognised in<br>statement of profit<br>and loss | Closing balance  |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Car the year and all and age                               |                    | inconse                           | _  |                  |
| For the year ended March 31, 2025<br>Particulars           |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| Assets   |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| Provision for Gratuity                                     |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| Provision for doubtful debts                               | 0 16               | (0.01)                            | 0.07   | 0 22             |
| Payment Dues to MSME                                       | •                  |                                   | 80.0   | 0.08             |
| Depreciation on fixed assets                               | •                  | •                                 | 0.40   | 0.40             |
| Total  | 0.20               |                                   | 0.03   | 0.23             |
| For the year ended March 31, 2024                          | 0.36               | (0.01)                            | 0.59   | 0.93             |
| Particulars  |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| rainculais<br>Assets                                       |                    |                                   |  |                  |
|  |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| Provision for Gratuity                                     | 0.11               |                                   | 0.05   | 0 16             |
| Depreciation on fixed assets                               | 0 19               |                                   | 0.01   | 0.20             |
| Total  | 0.30               | +                                 | 0.06   | 0.36             |
|  |                    |                                   |  | 0.50             |
|  |                    | _                                 | As at  | As a             |
|  |                    |                                   | March 31, 2025                                   | March 31, 2024   |
| Effective Tax Reconciliation                               |                    | •                                 |  | 11011011 42, 202 |
| Profit (Loss) as per Statement of Profit and loss          |                    |                                   | 108.05   | 76.11            |
| Applicable tax rate  |                    |                                   | 25.17%   | 25 179           |
| Fax on above   |                    |                                   | 27.19  | 19.15            |
| Adjustments:   |                    |                                   | 47.40  | 13.13            |
| Permanent differences                                      |                    |                                   | 0.40   | 0 34             |
| OTA not recognised on gratuity                             |                    |                                   | 0.00   | 0.34             |
| OTA not recognised on provision for doubtful debts         |                    |                                   | 0.00   | -                |
| OTA not recognised on Earlier year taxes                   |                    |                                   | 0.12   | A 67             |
| OTIL not recognised on property, plant and equipment       |                    |                                   | (0.01)   | 0.27             |
| Adjusted tax expense                                       |                    |                                   | 27.70  | (0.00)           |
|  |                    |                                   | 27,70  | 19.76            |
| ax as per profit and loss                                  |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| Current tax  |                    |                                   | 28.17  | 10.55            |
| Deferred tax   |                    |                                   |  | 19 55            |
| arlier year taxes  |                    |                                   | (0.60)   | (0.06)           |
| otal   |                    |                                   | 0.12   | 0.27             |
|  |                    |                                   | (27.70)  | (19.76)          |
|  |                    |                                   |  |                  |
|  |                    | _                                 | As at  |                  |
|  |                    |                                   | March 31, 2025                                   | As at            |
|  |                    |                                   | March 31, 2023                                   | March 31, 2024   |
| ncome tax assets (net)                                     |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| ncome tax assets (net)                                     |                    |                                   |  |                  |
|  |                    | ******                            |  | 3 21             |
|  |                    | b                                 |  | 3.21             |
|  |                    |                                   |  |                  |
|  |                    |                                   | As at  | As at            |
| nventories   |                    | _                                 | March 31, 2025                                   | March 31, 2024   |
| ralued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower) |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| lock-in-trade  |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| PSS:- Goods in Transit                                     |                    |                                   | 139.11   | 58.83            |
| 12 212   |                    |                                   | 2.30   |                  |
| Sect. Demoision for Close Bitanian                         |                    |                                   |  |                  |
| ess:-Provision for Slow Moving                             |                    |                                   |  |                  |



| B6 Trade receivables   | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2024 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Considered good - secured  |                         |                         |
| Considered good - unsecured  | *                       | -                       |
|  | 22 57                   | 20.29                   |
| Trade receivable which have significant increase in credit risk  Trade receivable - credit impaired            | •                       |                         |
| The resistance - credit inipalied  | 0.33                    |                         |
| Impairment allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful debt)   | 22.90                   | 20 29                   |
| Less: Trade receivable which have significant increase in credit risk Less: Trade receivable - credit impaired | (0 33)                  | -                       |
|  |                         |                         |
|  | 22.57                   | 20.29                   |

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 60 days.

Trade receivables ageing scheduk

| Particulars   | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment |                    |               |                    |                 |                   |       |  |  |
|---|--|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
|   | Not due  | Less than 6 months | o months to 1 | 1 year - 2<br>year | 2 year - 3 year | More than 3 years | Total |  |  |
| Undisputed trade recievables -<br>considered good                                   | -  | 22 19              | 0.39          |                    | -               | -                 | 22 57 |  |  |
| Undisputed trade recievables -<br>which have significant increase in<br>credit risk | •  | -                  |               | -                  | -               | *                 | -     |  |  |
| Undisputed trade recievables -<br>credit impaired                                   |  | 0.23               | 0.06          | 0 05               | •               | -                 | 0 33  |  |  |
| Disputed trade recievables - considered good  | -  | -                  | ^             | •                  | •               | •                 | -     |  |  |
| Disputed trade recievables - which have significant increase in credit risk         | -  | -                  | -             | ·                  |                 |                   |       |  |  |
| Disputed trade recievables - credit impaired  | *  | -                  | -             |                    | >6              |                   | 4     |  |  |

Trade receivables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2024

| Particulars   | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment |                       |               |                    |                 |                   |       |  |  |
|---|--|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
|   | Not due  | Less than 6<br>months | 6 months to 1 | 1 year - 2<br>year | 2 year - 3 year | More than 3 years | Tota  |  |  |
| Undisputed trade recievables -<br>considered good                                   | - ]  | 20 29                 |               | -                  | -               | -                 | 20 29 |  |  |
| Undisputed trade recievables -<br>which have significant increase in<br>credit risk | -  |                       | *             | •                  |                 |                   |       |  |  |
| Undisputed trade recievables -<br>credit impaired                                   | •  |                       | -             | *                  | ,               | 4                 | •     |  |  |
| Disputed trade recievables -  | -  |                       | -             |                    |                 |                   |       |  |  |
| Disputed trade recievables -<br>which have significant increase in<br>credit risk   | `  |                       | -             | - 1                |                 | •                 | •     |  |  |
| Disputed trade recrevables - credit impaired [Refer Note B32 for credit risk)       | -  | -                     | -             | -                  | •               | -                 | ~     |  |  |



|    |  |                                   | As at March 31, 2025                    | As at<br>March 31, 2024 |
|----|--|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| В  | 7 Cash and cash equivalents  |                                   |   |                         |
|    | For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and as shown in the statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in balance sheet a | l in bank. Cash and<br>s follows: | cash equivalents at the end c           | of the reporting period |
|    | Cash in hand   |                                   | 0.15                                    | 0 01                    |
|    | Balances with banks :  |                                   |   |                         |
|    | On current accounts  |                                   |   |                         |
|    | On deposit accounts  |                                   | 0.03                                    | 0.04                    |
|    | Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet   |                                   | 1.19                                    | 61 41                   |
|    |  |                                   | 1.19                                    | 61.46                   |
|    | Cash and cash equivalents as per statement of cash flows   |                                   | 1.19                                    | 61 46                   |
|    |  |                                   |   |                         |
|    |  |                                   | As at                                   | As at                   |
| 88 | Loans  |                                   | March 31, 2025                          | March 31, 2624          |
|    |  |                                   |   |                         |
|    | Current  |                                   |   |                         |
|    | Unsecured, considered good   |                                   |   |                         |
|    | Loans to fellow subidiaries  |                                   | 50.00                                   | 50.00                   |
|    |  |                                   | 50.00                                   | 50.00                   |
|    |  |                                   |   | 00.00                   |
|    |  |                                   | As at                                   |                         |
|    |  |                                   | March 31, 2025                          | As at<br>March 31, 2024 |
| В9 | Other financial assets   |                                   | 171111111111111111111111111111111111111 | WIEL CIT 31, 2024       |
|    | Current  |                                   |   |                         |
|    | Security Deposit   |                                   | 0.25                                    | 0 26                    |
|    | Interest accrued   |                                   | 0.46                                    | 0.35                    |
|    |  |                                   | 0.71                                    | 0.61                    |
|    | (Refer Note B30 for information about credit risk and market risk for other financial assets )   |                                   |   | 0.01                    |
|    |  |                                   |   |                         |
|    |  |                                   | As at                                   | As at                   |
|    | Other current assets   |                                   | March 31, 2025                          | March 31, 2024          |
|    | Balance with government authorities  |                                   | 75.78                                   |                         |
|    | Advance to employees   |                                   | 0.01                                    | 56.91                   |
|    |  | 1                                 | 75.79                                   | 56.91                   |
|    | Advances to suppliers  | ·                                 | / Wy E C                                | 20.91                   |
|    | Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise   |                                   | 55,39                                   | 7 82                    |
|    | Unsecured, considered doubtful   |                                   | -                                       | , GE                    |
|    | Less: Provision for doubtful advances  |                                   | 55.39                                   | 7.82                    |
|    | The same and supply  | - II                              |   |                         |
|    |  | 41                                | 55.39                                   | 7.82                    |
|    |  | 1+11                              | 131.18                                  | 64.73                   |
|    |  | :                                 |   | 04:13                   |



| As at March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2025                   | As at<br>March 31, 2024                                     | As a<br>March 31, 2024  |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| Nos                  |   | Nos .   |   |
|                      |   |   |   |
|                      |   |   |   |
| 10,000               | 0.10                                      | 16 600  | 0.10  |
|                      | *   | 20,000  | 0.10  |
| 10,000               | 0.10                                      | 10,000  | 0.10  |
|                      |   |   |   |
|                      |   |   |   |
| 10,000               | 0.10                                      | 10.000  |   |
|                      |   | 10,000  | 0.10  |
| 10,000               | 0.10                                      | 10,000  | 0.10  |
|                      | March 31, 2025<br>Nos<br>10,000<br>10,000 | March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 Nos  10,000 0.10  10,000 0.10 | March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024  Nos Nos Nos .  10,000 0.10 10,000  10,000 0.10 10,000 |

Terms/ rights attached to equity shares
The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend if any declared is payable in Indian Rupees.

| C | Shares | heid | by | holding | company |  |
|---|--------|------|----|---------|---------|--|
|---|--------|------|----|---------|---------|--|

|                                   | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2024 | As at<br>March 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                   | No. of Shares           | % holding               | No. of Shares           | % holding               |
| Globalbees Brands Private Limited | 7,000                   | 70.00%                  | 7,000                   | 70 00%                  |

d Details of equity shareholding more than 5% shares in the company

| As at<br>March 31, 2025              | As at<br>March 31, 2025                  | As at<br>March 31, 2024   | As at<br>March 31, 2024   |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| No. of Shares<br>540<br>1,128<br>840 | % halding<br>5.40%<br>11.28%<br>8.40%    | No. of Shares<br>540<br>1,128<br>840  | 96 holding<br>5 4096<br>11 2896<br>8 4096<br>70 0096  |
|                                      | March 31, 2025  No. of Shares  540 1,128 | March 31, 2025  No. of Shares % holding  540 5.40%  1.128 11.28%  840 8.40% | March 31, 2025         March 31, 2025         March 31, 2024           No. of Shares         % holding         No. of Shares           540         5.40%         540           1.128         11.28%         1.128           840         8.40%         840 |

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

# e Details of equity shares held by promoters

|                                   | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2024 | As at<br>March 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                   | No. of Shares           | % holding               | No. of Shares           | % holding               |
| Globalbees Brands Private Limited | 7,000                   | 70,00%                  | 7,000                   | 70 00%                  |

f The Company has not issued any bonus shares during the current year and immediately preceding current year.

| B12 Other equity   | As at<br>March 31, 2025           | As at<br>March 31, 2024           |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Surplus as per statement of profit and loss Opening balance Add : Profit for the year Add : Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Total comprehensive income for the period | 250.10<br>80.36<br>0.03<br>330.49 | 193.74<br>56.35<br>0.01<br>250.10 |
| Balance as at year end   | 330.49                            | 250.10                            |

|                                  |                        | As at          | As at          |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                  |                        | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| B13 Barrowings                   |                        |                |                |
| Short term borrowings from banks | (Refer Note (i) below) |                | 0.47           |
|                                  |                        | •              | 0.47           |

#### Notes:

i. Note: During the year, Company had taken overdraft facility from IDFC bank at interest rate of 8% p a. The outstanding balance as on 31st March, 2025 is Nil (previous year is INR 0.47 Million)

# Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

| Particulars                    | Long term borrowings (includes current maturities) |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Opposite halour                | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025               | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |  |
| Opening balance Cash flows:    | 0.47   |                                      |  |
| Proceeds from borrowings (net) |  |                                      |  |
| Payments made                  | (0.47)   | 0.47                                 |  |
| Closing balance                | (0.47)   | 0.47                                 |  |

# B14 Trade payables

| Trade payables* Outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises Outstanding dues to creditors other than micro and small enterprises | 1.61<br>6.35 | 1.11<br>2 44 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| ,  | 0.30         | 2 44         |
|  | <br>7.96     | 3.55         |

# Trade payable ageing as at March 31, 2025

|                                     |             | Outstanding for following period from due date of payment |           |                   |       |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|-----------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
|                                     | Less than 1 | 1-2 years   | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total |  |  |
| (i) MSME                            | 1.57        | 0.03  | -         |                   | 1.61  |  |  |
| (ii) Others<br>(iii) Disputed- MSME | 4.01        | 2 33  | 1         | - 1               | 6.35  |  |  |
| (iv) Disputed- Others               |             | -   | -         |                   |       |  |  |
| Total                               | 5.58        | 2,37  |           |                   | 7.96  |  |  |

|                                     | Outstanding for following period from due date of payment |           |           |                   |       |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------|--|
|                                     | Less than 1 year  | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total |  |
| (i) MSME                            | 111   |           |           |                   | 1.11  |  |
| (ii) Others<br>(iii) Disputed- MSME | 2.44  | ٠         |           |                   | 2.44  |  |
| (iv) Disputed-Others                |   | -         | -         |                   | -     |  |
| Total                               | 3.55  |           | -         |                   | -     |  |

\* Refer note 32 for related party transactions.

|   | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2024 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 15 Other financial liabilities          |                         |                         |
| <u>Current</u> Payable to employees     |                         |                         |
| • | 0.71                    | 2.25                    |



|                                   |                      | As at          | As at          |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                   |                      | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| 816 Other current liabilities     |                      |                |                |
| Statutory dues                    |                      | 0 63           | 1 16           |
| Advance from customers            |                      | 1.97           | 1.16<br>2.48   |
|                                   |                      | 2.60           | 3,64           |
|                                   |                      | As at          | As all         |
| B17 Provision                     |                      | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Non-Current                       |                      |                |                |
| Provision for employee benefits   |                      |                |                |
| Provision for gratuity            | (Refer note no. B34) | 0 63           | 0.56           |
|                                   |                      | 0.63           | 0.56           |
| Current                           |                      |                |                |
| Provision for employee benefits   |                      |                |                |
| Provision for gratuity            | (Refer note no. B34) | 021            | 0 06           |
|                                   |                      | 0.21           | 0.06           |
|                                   |                      | As at          | As at          |
| B18 Current tax liabilities (net) |                      | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Current tax liabilities (net)     |                      |                |                |
|                                   |                      | 6.58           |                |
|                                   |                      | 6.58           | *              |



|   | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 319 Revenue from operations                       |                                      |                                      |
| Revenue from contracts with customers             |                                      |                                      |
| Sale of Products                                  |                                      |                                      |
| Sale of goods                                     | 590.55                               | 526.06                               |
| Sale of Services                                  |                                      |                                      |
| Business support services                         | 0.24                                 |                                      |
| Business enablement income                        | 1.36                                 | ·                                    |
| Other Operating Income                            | 11.26                                | -                                    |
|   | 603.41                               | 526.06                               |
| Reconcillation of revenue with the contract price |                                      |                                      |
|   | For the year ended                   | For the year ended                   |
| 0   | March 31, 2025                       | March 31, 2024                       |
| Gross sale of goods                               | 607.93                               | 526.06                               |
| Less : Sales discount                             | 17.38                                | 0.00                                 |
|   | 590.55                               | 526.06                               |

#### i Disaggregated Revenue Information

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers by timing of transfer of goods/ services:

| •   | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Revenue from contracts with customers                       |                                      |                                      |
| Revenue from sale of goods and services                     |                                      |                                      |
| -Recognised at a point in time                              | 601.81                               | 526.06                               |
| -Recognised over time                                       | 1.60                                 | 320.00                               |
|   | 603.41                               | 700.54                               |
|   | 903.41                               | 526.06                               |
| ii Contract Balances  |                                      |                                      |
|   | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
| Contract assets   |                                      |                                      |
| -Trade receivables [refer note B6]                          | 22 57                                | 20.29                                |
| Contract liabilities  |                                      | 40.40                                |
| <ul> <li>Advance from customers [refer note B16]</li> </ul> | 1.97                                 | 2.48                                 |

- a Trade receivables generally have average credit period of 30 days in respect of sales of goods and services from the date of demand as per contract, except for cases, where credit terms are based on specific arrangement with the other party.
- b Contract assets are initially recognised for revenue earned on account of contracts where revenue is recognised over the period of time as receipt of consideration is conditional on successful completion of performance obligations as per contract. Once the performance obligation is fulfilled and milestones for invoicing are achieved, contract assets are classified to trade receivables.
- c. Contract liabilities include amount received from customers to deliver goods and services.

#### iii Performance Obligation

Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance

For the year ended March 31, 2025

March 31, 2024

1.97

2.48

\*The entity expects to satisfy the performance obligations when (or as) the underlying goods to which such performance obligations relate are completed.



|             |  |                  | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
|-------------|--|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Ji          | nventories   |                  | 141 41                               | 58 83                                |
| B20 C       | Other income   |                  |                                      |                                      |
|             | nterest on   |                  | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
|             | - Bank deposits  |                  | -                                    |                                      |
| Ir          | nterest on Loans given   |                  | 2.41<br>6.00                         | 6.02                                 |
|             | oreign exchange fluctuation income   |                  | 000                                  | 2.00                                 |
| M           | discellaneous income   |                  | 0.02                                 | 0.27                                 |
|             |  |                  | 8.43                                 | 0.24<br>8.53                         |
| 821 P       | urchases of stock-in-trade   |                  |                                      | 0.93                                 |
|             | and a second site of seconds   |                  | For the year ended                   | Cos the year and d                   |
|             |  |                  | March 31, 2025                       | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
| Pi          | urchases   |                  |                                      |                                      |
|             | or set values, o   |                  | 361.80<br>361.80                     | 353.14                               |
| B22 C       | hanges in inventories of stock-in-trade  |                  | 201-90                               | 353.14                               |
|             | The state of the s |                  | For the ways and d                   |                                      |
|             |  |                  | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
| 0           | pening stock   |                  | 58.83                                |                                      |
|             | ess: Closing stock   |                  | 139.11                               | 69.93                                |
| Le          | ess: Goods in Transit  |                  | 2.30                                 | 58.83                                |
|             |  |                  | (82.58)                              | 11.10                                |
| B23 Er      | mployee benefits expense   |                  |                                      |                                      |
|             | ·  |                  | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
| Sa          | tlary, bonus and other allowances  |                  | 10.37                                | 14.20                                |
| Co          | ontribution to provident and other funds   |                  | 0.60                                 | 11.83<br>0.55                        |
| Gr          | ratuity expense  | (Refer note B34) | 0.27                                 | 0.19                                 |
| Sta         | aff welfare expenses   |                  | 0.47                                 | 0.38                                 |
|             |  |                  | 11.71                                | 12.95                                |
|             |  |                  | For the year ended                   | For the year ended                   |
| CIA 2 100 1 |  |                  | March 31, 2025                       | March 31, 2024                       |
|             | nance costs<br>terest expenses   |                  |                                      |                                      |
|             | Interest on term loans   |                  |                                      |                                      |
|             | Interest on credit facilities  |                  | 0.91                                 | 0.01                                 |
|             | nk and other charges   |                  | 0.01                                 | 0.00                                 |
|             | *** **********************************   |                  | 0.92                                 | 0.00                                 |
|             |  |                  | T. M.                                |                                      |
|             |  |                  | For the year ended                   | For the year ended                   |
| 825 De      | preciation and amortization expenses   |                  | March 31, 2025                       | March 31, 2024                       |
|             | Assalation on Policy of the comment  |                  |                                      |                                      |
| De          | preciation on Property, Plant and Equipment  |                  | 0.42                                 | 0.26                                 |
| De          | preciation on Property, Plant and Equipment<br>nortisation of intangible assets  |                  | 0.42                                 | 0.36<br>0.00                         |



|   | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 26 Other expenses                                     |                                      |                                      |
| Rent  |                                      |                                      |
| - on building   | 3 29                                 | 3.13                                 |
| Legal and professional expenses                       | 3.49                                 | 0.64                                 |
| Travelling and conveyance expenses                    | 0.07                                 | 0.22                                 |
| Fee and subscription                                  | 0.24                                 | 0.91                                 |
| Rates and taxes                                       | 0.20                                 | 0.09                                 |
| Repairs and maintenance                               | -                                    | 0.09                                 |
| - to plant and machinery                              | 1.56                                 | 0.24                                 |
| Insurance   | 0.07                                 | 0.08                                 |
| Telephone and communication expenses                  | 0.01                                 |                                      |
| Office expenses                                       | 0.21                                 | 0.04                                 |
| Postage and courier expenses                          | 13.0                                 | 0.63                                 |
| Shipping charges- outward                             | 114.44                               | 0.00                                 |
| Power and fuel expenses                               | 0.20                                 | •                                    |
| Printing and stationery                               | 0.20                                 | •                                    |
| Business promotion, marketing and event expenses      | 48 59                                | *                                    |
| Allowance for trade receivables                       | 0.76                                 | 22.01                                |
| LRD Fees  |                                      |                                      |
| Subvention Fees                                       | 0 12                                 | 0.01                                 |
| Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)* | 0.27                                 | 0.62                                 |
| Sales commission                                      | 1.49                                 | 1.34                                 |
| Miscellaneous expenses                                | 35.62                                | 43.67                                |
| Auditor's remuneration                                | 0.06                                 | 6.25                                 |
| - Audit fee   |                                      |                                      |
| - remark 1875   | 0 55                                 | 1.04                                 |
|   | 211.52                               | 80.92                                |

# 827 Earning per share (EPS)

The Company's Earnings per Share ("EPS") is determined based on the net profit attributable to the shareholders of the company. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted EPS includes the effect of all dilutive potential common shares, including stock options and convertible securities.

The reconciliation of basic and diluted EPS is as follows

| Grafit Hand attribute to   | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Profit (foss) attributable to equity holders of the company<br>Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares | 80 36                                | 56 35                                |
| Number of share at the beginning of the year   | 10,000                               | 10,000                               |
| Total equity shares outstanding at the end of the year<br>Weighted average number of shares for basic and diluted EPS  | 10,000                               | 10,000                               |
|  | 10,000                               | 10,000                               |
| Basic earnings per share (In Rs.)  | 8.036.15                             | 5,635.14                             |
| Diluted earnings per share (In Rs.)  | 8.036.15                             | 5,635.14                             |
| Nominal value of equity shares (In Rs.)  | 10                                   | 10                                   |



#### B28 Leases

#### Disclosure for Short-term Leases:

The Company's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of operating leases for office building with the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each class is reflected on the balance sheet as right of use and lease liability. The arrangements generally range between three year to five years. The lease arrangement has extension / termination option exercisable by either party which may make the assessment of lease term uncertain. While determining the lease term, the management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option.

## A Lease payments recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss for the period:

| a Lease payments recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss for the period                       | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Minimum lease payments Contingent rents  | 3.29                                 | 313                                  |
| b Sub-lease payments received (or receivable) recognized in the statement of Profit and loss for the |                                      |                                      |

#### B29 Fair value

a. Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the company's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values.

The following table details the carrying amount and fair values of financial instruments:

| Particulars                 | CYCZDI |                |       |                      | March 31, 2025 |
|-----------------------------|--------|----------------|-------|----------------------|----------------|
|                             | FVTPL  | Amortised cost | FVOCI | Total carrying value | Fair value     |
| Financial assets            |        |                |       |                      |                |
| Trade receivables           |        | 22.57          |       | 80.50                |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents   |        |                | -     | 22.57                | 22.57          |
| Loans                       | - 1    | 1.19           | -     | 1.19                 | 1.19           |
|                             | 1      | 50.00          | -     | 50.00                | 50.00          |
| Other financial assets      |        | 0.71           | i i   | 0.71                 | 071            |
| Total                       |        | 74,47          | -     | 74.47                | 74,47          |
| Financial liabilities       |        |                |       |                      |                |
| Borrowings                  |        |                |       |                      |                |
| Trade payable               |        | 7.00           | - 1   |                      |                |
| Other financial liabilities | -      | 7.95           | .     | 7.95                 | 7.95           |
| Total                       |        | 0.71           | -     | 0.71                 | 0.71           |
| 10(2)                       |        | 8.66           | -     | 8.66                 | 8,66           |

| Particulars                 | FVTPL | Amortised cost |       |                      | March 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------------|----------------|
|                             | PVIPE | AHRITUSEO COST | FVOCI | Total carrying value | Fair value     |
| Financial assets            |       |                |       |                      |                |
| Trade receivables           |       | 20.29          |       |                      |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents   |       | 61.46          | -     | 20.29                | 20.29          |
| Loans                       |       |                |       | 61.46                | 61.46          |
| Other financial assets      |       | 50.00          | -     | 50.00                | 50.00          |
| Total                       |       | 0.61           | •     | 0.61                 | 0.61           |
| Total                       |       | 132.36         | *     | 132.36               | 132.36         |
| Financial liabilities       |       |                |       |                      |                |
| Barrowings                  |       |                | - 1   | 1                    |                |
| -Short term                 | 1     | 0.47           |       |                      |                |
| Trade payable               | 1 - 1 | - 1            | -     | 0.47                 | 0 47           |
| Other financial liabilities | `     | 3.55           | - ]   | 3.55                 | 3.55           |
| Total                       |       | 2.25           |       | 2.25                 | 2.25           |
| TOtal                       | -     | 6.26           | - 1   | 6.26                 | 6.26           |

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Company has disclosed financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables at carrying value because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short-term nature.



## Prayosha Expo Private Limited

CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### b. Fair value hierarchy

#### Assets and Liabilities measured at fair value

As of March 31,2025 and March 31,2024 the company did not have any financial and non-financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

#### Other financial assets and liabilities

- i) Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables at carrying value because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short-term mature.
- II) Loans have fair values that approximate to their carrying amounts as it is based on the net present value of the anticipated future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities

## B30 Financial risk management objectives and policies

#### Risk management objectives and policies

The company is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's activities expose it to liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

| Risk                 | Credit risk  | Liquidity risk   |
|----------------------|--|--|
| xposure arising from | Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans, financial | Borrowings trade nambles and other Benealth Cabillains |
|                      | assets measured at amortised cost                              | and other hearicial flabilities                        |
| leasurement          | Aging analysis   | Rolling cash flow                                      |
| lanagement           |  |  |
|                      | cank deposits, diversification of asset base and credit limits | Availability of sources of funds                       |

#### a. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial assets

#### Credit risk exposure

#### Provision for expected credit losses

In respect to other financial assets, the company follows a 12-months expected credit loss approach. The company's management does not foresee a material loss on account of credit risk due to the nature and credit worthiness of these financial assets. Further, the company has not observed any material defaults in recovering such financial assets. Therefore, the company has not provided for any expected credit loss on these financial assets except for trade receivables.

| Particulars                       | Estimated gross<br>carrying amount at<br>default | of               | Expected credit losses | March 31, 2025<br>Carrying amount not<br>of impairment |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|------------------------|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents         | 1.19   | default<br>0 00% |                        | provision  |
| Loans Trade and other receivables | 50.00  | 0.00%            |                        | 1.19<br>50.00  |
| Other financial assets            | 22.90<br>0.71                                    | 1.44%<br>0.00%   | 0 33                   | 22.57<br>0.71  |

| Particulars   | Estimated gross<br>carrying amount at | The state of the s | Expected credit losses | March 31, 2024<br>Carrying amount net<br>of impairment |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents                             | default                               | default  |                        | provision  |
| Loans   | 61.46                                 | 0.00%  |                        | 61.46  |
|   | 50.00                                 | 0.0096   | .                      | 50.00  |
| Trade and other receivables<br>Other financial assets | 20.29                                 | 0.00%  | .                      | 20.29  |
| Outer Interiora assets                                | 0.61                                  | 0.00%  |                        | 0.61   |

# Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

As at reporting date, the company has certain trade receivables that have not been settled by the contractual due date but are not considered to be impaired. The amounts as at reporting date, analysed by the length of time past due, are:



| Particulars  Not due   | Estimated gross<br>carrying amount at<br>default | •              | Fosses | March 31, 2025 Carrying amount net of impairment provision |
|--|--|----------------|--------|--|
| Not more than 6 months   | 22.41  | 0 00%<br>1 02% |        |  |
| More than 6 months Total   | 0.49   | 20 95%         | 4.50   | 2219<br>0.39   |
| Carrier Control of the Control of th | 22.90  |                | 0.33   | 22.58  |

| Particulars              | Estimated gross carrying amount at default | • | Expected credit losses | March 31, 2024 Carrying amount net of impairment provision |
|--------------------------|--|---|------------------------|--|
| Not due                  | -  | 0 00%                                   |                        | pi ovixori   |
| Not more than 6 months   | 20.29                                      | 0 00%                                   |                        | 20.29  |
| More than 6 months Total | •  | 0 00%                                   |                        |  |
| [ Otal                   | 20.29                                      |   | •                      | 20.29  |

In respect of trade and other receivables, the company is exposed to significant credit exposure to a group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Based on historical information about customer default rates, management consider the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due to be good

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

Other financial assets being dues from several counter parties and based on historical information about defaults from the counter parties, management considers the quality of such assets that are not past due to be good.

#### b. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Oue to the nature of the business, the company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates. In addition, the company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

## Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the company's financial habilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

| Particulars                       | Less than 1 year | 1 – 3 year | Above 3 years | March 31, 2025<br>Total |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Trade payable<br>Borrowings       | 7.95             | -          | -             | 7.95                    |
| Other financial liabilities Total | 0.71<br>8.66     |            |               | 0.71                    |

| Particulars                 |                  |            |               | March 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|
| MI EGANIST 2                | Less than 1 year | l = 3 year | Above 3 years |                |
| Trade payable               |                  |            |               |                |
| Borrowings                  | 3.55             | -          |               | 3.55           |
| Other financial liabilities | 0.47             | -          |               | 0.47           |
| Total                       | 2.25             | -          |               | 2.25           |
| 1 4401                      | 6.27             | -          | -             | 6.27           |



# Prayosha Expo Private Limited CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising

#### Currency Risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is limited as majority of the transactions are in its functional currency

#### Interest rate risk

The Company's borrowings carry a fixed rate of interest and are measured at amortised cost. They are, therefore, not subject to interest rate risk as defined in IND AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate due to change in market interest rates.

#### B31 Capital management policies and procedures

The company's capital management objectives are to ensure the company's ability to continue as a going concern as well as to provide a balance between financial flexibility and balance sheet efficiency. In determining its capital structure, company considers the robustness of future cash flows, potential funding requirements for growth opportunities and acquisitions, the cost of capital and ease of access to funding sources.

Management assesses the company's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the company's various classes of debt. The company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

The amounts managed as capital by the company for the reporting periods under review are summarized as follows:

| Particulars                     | As at          | As at          |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Total borrowings                | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents | -              | 0.47           |
| Net debt                        | 1.19           |                |
| Total equity                    | (1.19)         |                |
| Total Capital                   | 330.59         | 250.20         |
| Gearing ratio                   | 329.40         |                |
|                                 | 0%             | 096            |

#### Dividend

The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. However, the Company has not declared any dividend.

#### **B32** Related party disclosures

Names of the related parties and related party relationship

Related parties where control exists

# a) Key Management Personnel Mr. Sandip Patel

Mr. Preet Dave Mr. Nitin Agarwal Ms. Chetna Manish Malaviye

Mr.Deepak Kumar Khaitan Mr. Damandeep Singh Soni

Mr. Abhishek Biswas Ms. Neha Somani Anui Jain

Anuj Jain Robin Vijan Director Director

Director (w.e.f. May 02, 2022) Director (w.e.f. July 09, 2024) Resigned(w.e.f. June 13, 2023) Director (w.e.f. May 02, 2022) Director (w.e.f. June 20, 2023)

Director (w.e.f. January 03, 2025)( Resigned w.e.f. May 02, 2025)

Director(w.e.f. May 02,2025) Director(w.e.f. May 02,2025)

## b) Enterprise having control over the company

Globalbees Brands Private Limited Brainbees Solutions Limited

# c) Enterprises over which key management personnel or their relatives and/or holding company has significant influence.

M/S Pragat Home Décor Needle Master Private Limited Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvr Ltd Cloud Lifestyle Private Limited Digital Age Retail Private Limited Pragat Global Private Limited



|  | Key Managemen           | Key Management Personnel |       | Enterprise baying control over the company |  |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------|--|--|
|  | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2024  | 127 - | As a<br>March 31, 2024                     |  |
| Remuneration paid                                      | 7.18                    | 7.23                     |       | 1984 (III 281 202)                         |  |
| Mr. Sandip Patel                                       | 2 199                   | 2,08                     | _     | -  |  |
| Mr. Preet Dave   | 5 09                    | 5.15                     |       |  |  |
| Receivables as at year end Brainbees Solutions Limited | •                       | -                        | 0.00  | 0.12                                       |  |
| Sale of products and services                          | "                       | *                        | 0.00  | 0.12                                       |  |
| Brainbees Solutions Pyt Ltd                            | "                       | -                        | 0.21  | 0.31                                       |  |
| Business Support Income                                | *                       |                          | 0.21  | 0.31                                       |  |
| Globalbees Brands Private Limited                      | 1 1                     | •                        | 0.24  | -  |  |
| Payable balances                                       |                         |                          | 0.24  |  |  |
|  | 0.34                    | 1.89                     | - 1   |  |  |
| Sandip Patel   | 0.08                    | 0.90                     | _     |  |  |
| Preet Dave   | 0.76                    | 0.00                     | Į.    |  |  |

| Sale of products and services  Needle Master Private Limited Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd Digital Age Retail Private Limited Pragat Global Private Limited Cloud Litestyle Private Limited Reimbursement of expense M S Pragat Home Decor Sales of fixed assets M S Pragat Home Decor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd Business Enablement Income | As at<br>March 31, 2025<br>12.71<br>0.65<br>4.44 | As at<br>March 31, 2024<br>2.19 |
|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Needle Master Private Limited Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt 1.td Digital Age Retail Private Limited Pragat Global Private Limited Cloud Lifestyle Private Limited Reimbursement of expense M S Pragat Home Décor Sales of fixed assets M S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt 1.td Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt 1.td  | 12.71<br>0.65                                    |                                 |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd Digital Age Retail Private Limited Pragat Global Private Limited Cloud Lifestyle Private Limited Reimbursement of expense M S Pragat Home Décor Sales of fixed assets M S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd   | 0.65   | 2.19                            |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd Digital Age Retail Private Limited Pragat Global Private Limited Cloud Litestyle Private Limited Reimbursement of expense M S Pragat Home Décor Sales of fixed assets M-S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd   | 1  |                                 |
| Digital Age Retail Private Limited Pragat Global Private Limited Cloud Litestyle Private Limited Reimbursement of expense M S Pragat Home Décor Sales of fixed assets M S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd   | 4.44   |                                 |
| Pragat Global Private Limited Cloud Litestyle Private Limited Reimbursement of expense M S Pragat Home Decor Sales of fixed assets M S Pragat Home Decor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd  |  | -                               |
| Cloud Lifestyle Private Limited  Reimbursement of expense  M S Pragat Home Decor  Sales of fixed assets  M-S Pragat Home Decor  LRD fees expenses  Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd  Subvention fees expenses  Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd  | 2.31   | 2.19                            |
| Reimbursement of expense M S Pragat Home Décor Sales of fixed assets M S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt 1:d Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt 1:d  | 1.07   |                                 |
| M S Pragat Home Décor Sales of fixed assets M:S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt 1:d Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt 1:d   | 4.24   |                                 |
| M.S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhakt Foods and Nutrition Pst 1:d Subvention fees expenses Merhakt Foods and Nutrition Pst 1:d   | -  | -                               |
| M.S Pragat Home Décor LRD fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pst 4:d Subvention fees expenses Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pst 4:d   | - 1  | -                               |
| Methaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt 1:d Subvention fees expenses Methaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt 1:d   | -  | •                               |
| Subvention fees expenses Methaki Foods and Nutrition Pst Ltd   | 11   |                                 |
| Subvention fees expenses Methaki Foods and Nutrition Pst Ltd   | 0.12   | 0.01                            |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd  | 0.12   | 10.0                            |
| Business Engliement Income   | 0.27   | 0.62                            |
|  | 0.27   | 0.62                            |
| Methaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Lid  | 1.36   |                                 |
| Interest Income  | 1.36   | -                               |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd  | 6.00   | 2.00                            |
| Rent expenses  | 6.00   | 2.00                            |
| M.S Pragat Home Décor  | 3.29   | 3.13                            |
| Purchase of raw material   | 3.29   | 3.13                            |
| Needle Master Private Limited  | 228.36   | 167.87                          |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd  |  | 132.13                          |
| Pragat Global Private Limited  | 3.63   | 0.18                            |
| Loan given   | 224.73   | 35.56                           |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Lid.   | •  | 50.00                           |
| Receivables  |  | 50.00                           |
| Needle Master Private Limited  | 36.13  | 0.36                            |
| Cloud Lifestyle Private Limited  | 0.19   |                                 |
| Digital Age Retail Private Lumited   | 1.00   |                                 |
| Pragat Global Private Limited  | 0.23   | 0.36                            |
| Rent deposit   | 34.71  |                                 |
| M/S Pragat Home Decor  | •  | 7                               |
| Accrued Interest on Loan (Asset)   |  | •                               |
| Merhakt Foods and Nutrition Pyt Ltd  | 0.46   | 0.35                            |
| oan receivable   | 0.46   | 0.35                            |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pyr Ltd  | 50.00  | 50.00                           |
| 'ayables   | 50.00  | 50.00                           |
| Pragat Global Private Limited  | 0.69   |                                 |
| Merhaki Foods and Nutrition Pvt Ltd.   |  | 2.63<br>0.22                    |



| <b>B33 Disclosures under</b> | Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act 2006 |
|------------------------------|--|
|                              |  |

|   | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As a          |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| The principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year. Interest amount is Nif (P.Y. Nif)  | 1.61                    | March 31, 202 |
| The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.  |                         |               |
| The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been but beyond the<br>appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprise<br>Development Act, 2006.  |                         |               |
| The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.   |                         |               |
| The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date When the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance As a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006. | -                       |               |

The ministry of Micro, Small and Medium enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated 26/08/2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum. Based on the information available with the management, there are no over dues outstanding to micro and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Further, the company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said act.

## 834 Employee benefit obligations

#### Disclosure of gratuity (non-funded)

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service.

Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet is as under:

| Description .  |               |                  |
|--|---------------|------------------|
|  | As a          | it As at         |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation as at the start of the year  | March 31, 202 | 5 March 31, 2024 |
| Current service cost   | 0.62          |                  |
| Interest cost  | 0.22          | 9.40             |
| Actuarial loss/(gain) recognized during the year -   | 9.04          | 0.03             |
| Changes in financial assumptions   | •             |                  |
| Experience variance  | 0.02          | 0.04             |
| Benefits paid  | (0.07         | (0.02)           |
| Past service cost  | •             |                  |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year  |               |                  |
| 3 and the title of | 0.83          | 0.62             |

Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets

| Description  |                |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|
|  | As at          | As at          |
| Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the beginning                              | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Investment Income  | -              |                |
| Employer's Contribution  |                |                |
| Benefits Paid  |                | .              |
| Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense |                | .              |
| Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the end                                    |                |                |

Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss is as under:

| Description  |                |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| •  | As at          | As at          |
| Current service cost                                     | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Interest cost  | 0.22           | 0.15           |
| Past service cost  | 0.04           | 0.03           |
| Actuarial loss/(gain)                                    |                | •              |
| Amount recognized in the statement of profit and loss    |                | .              |
| Formation recognized in one statement or profit and loss | 0.26           | 0.19           |



## Prayosha Expo Private Limited CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

| Current / Non-current bifurcation  Description |                         |                         |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Current Benefit Obligation                     | As at<br>March 31, 2025 | As as<br>March 31, 2024 |
| Non - current Benefit Obligation               | 0.21                    | 0.06                    |
| Liability recognised in Balance Sheet          | 0.63                    | 0.56                    |
|  | 0.84                    | 0.62                    |

# Amount recognised in other comprehensive income:

| Description  |                |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| ·  | As at          | As at          |
| Amount renemined in OCU having to 100                                      | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Amount recognised in OCI, beginning of the year                            | 0.33           | 034            |
| Actuarial loss/(gain):   | 0.55           | U.34           |
| change in financial assumptions  |                |                |
| change in demographic assumptions  | 0.02           | 0.00           |
| experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)                |                |                |
| Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense | (0.07)         | (0.02)         |
| Amount recognised in OCI, end of the year                                  |                |                |
| - and the confined in OCI, stid to the year                                | 0.28           | 0.33           |

# Total Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) included in Profit & Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

| Description   |                |                |
|---|----------------|----------------|
|   | As at          | As at          |
| Amount recognized in Profit and Joss, End of Period               | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Amount recognized in Other Comprehensive Income, End of Period    | 0.26           | 0.19           |
| Total Net Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) Recognized at Period-End  | 0.28           | 0.33           |
| Product Definite Deficit Cost first only Recognized at Period-Eng | 0.54           | 0.52           |

#### Actuarial assumptions

| Description  |                |                |  |
|--|----------------|----------------|--|
| Description  | As at          | As at          |  |
| Discount rate  | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |  |
| Future salary increase   | 6.60%          | 7.20%          |  |
| Comment of the commen | 10%            | 1096           |  |

# Demographic assumptions

| Mortality                           |                  |                  |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                     | IALM (2012-2014) | IALM (2012-2014) |
| Employee turnover / Withdrawal rate | Ultimate         | Ultimate         |
| Retirement age                      | 20.00%           | 20 00%           |
| (temerating)                        | 60 years         | 60 years         |

# Expected Cash flow for next ten years

|                        | Asat           |
|------------------------|----------------|
| Year-2026              | March 31, 2025 |
| Year-2027              | 0.21           |
| Year-2028              | 0.09           |
| Year-2029              | 0 12           |
| Year-2030              | 0.11           |
| Year-2031 to Year 2035 | 0.19           |
|                        | 1.01           |

## Sensitivity analysis

|  | As at          | As at          |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Defined benefit obligation - Discount rate + 100 basis points          | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Defined benefit obligation - Discount rate - 100 basis points          | 0.81           | 0.59           |
| Defined benefit obligation - Salary escalation rate + 100 basis points | 0.88           | 0.66           |
| Defined benefit obligation - Salary escalation rate - 100 basis points | 087            | 0.65           |
| Defined benefit obligation - Withdrawal rate + 100 basis points        | 0.81           | 0.60           |
| Defined benefit obligation - Withdrawal rate - 100 basis points        | 0 83           | 0.61           |
| Ten passis half le   | 0.85           | 0.63           |

Weighted average duration of the plan is 8 16 years (Previous year - 8 15 years).



## Prayosha Expo Private Limited

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### 835 Segment reporting

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing and e-commerce, focusing on welfness and fitness products. Prayosha Expo is recognized for its range of mosquito nets, such as baby mosquito nets, bed mosquito nets, and foldable mosquito nets, catering to both domestic and international markets, which as per Indian Accounting Standard - 108 on Operating Segments' is considered to be the only reportable segment.

#### **B36 Key Financial Ratios**

| Particulars  | for the year ended<br>March 31, 2025 | for the year ended<br>March 31, 2024 | Change in % | Reason for change      |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Current ratio  | 19.22                                | 25.68                                | -25%        | Refer note (i) below   |
| Debt Equity ratio Debt service coverage ratio                  |                                      | 0.00                                 | -100%       | Refer note (ii) below  |
| Return on Equity (%)   | •                                    | 6,594.35                             | -100%       | Refer note (iii) below |
| Inventory Turnover ratio                                       | 27.67%                               | 25.38%                               | 9%          | Not applicable         |
| mineritals intract 1900  | 2.79                                 | 5.66                                 | -51%        | Refer note (iv) below  |
| Trade Receivables Turnover ratio Trade Payables Turnover ratio | 28.16                                | 32.25                                | -13%        | Not applicable         |
| Net Capital Turnover Rario                                     | 99.73                                | 92.91                                | 7%          | Not applicable         |
|  | 1.83                                 | 2.14                                 | -14%        | Not applicable         |
| Net profit margin (%)  | 13.32%                               | 10.71%                               | 24%         | Not applicable         |
| Return on Capital Employed (%)                                 | 32.96%                               | 30 36%                               | 9%          | Not applicable         |

#### Note

- il Due to increase in current asset as Advance from supplier increases as compared to pevious year
- ii Due to decrease in debt of the company.
- iii Due to decrease in debt payment of company.
- iv Due to decrease in cost of goods sold and increase in inventory of the company

#### Detailed explanation of ratios

#### **Current Ratio**

The Current Ratio is a liquidity ratio that measures a Company's ability to pay short-term obligations or those due within one year. It is calculated by dividing the current assets by current flabilities.

#### **Debt Equity Ratio**

The ratio is used to evaluate a Company's financial leverage. It is a measure of the degree to which a Company is financing its operations through debt versus wholly owned funds. It is calculated by dividing a Company's total debt by its shareholder's equity. Debt exclude lease liabilities.

#### Debt service coverage ratio

The Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) measures the ability of a company to use its operating income to repay all its debt obligations, including repayment of principal and interest on both short-term and long-term debt. It is calculated by dividing the earnings before interest, tax and depreciation by interest payment plus principal repayment of debt.

#### Return on Equity

Return on Equity (RoE) is a measure of profitability of a Company expressed in percentage. It is calculated by dividing profit/loss after tax for the period by average Equity funds employed during the period.

#### **Inventory Turnover ratio**

Inventory Turnover is the number of times a Company sells and replaces its inventory during a period. It is calculated by dividing turnover by average inventory.

## Trade Receivables Turnover ratio

The above ratio is used to quantify a Company's effectiveness in collecting its receivables or money owed by customers. The ratio shows how well a Company uses and manages the credit it extends to customers and how quickly that short-term debt is collected or is paid. It is calculated by dividing Net Credit sales by average trade

#### Trade Payables Turnover ratio

The accounts payable turnover ratio shows investors how many times per period a company pays its accounts payable. In other words, the ratio measures the speed at which a company pays its suppliers. It is calculated by dividing net credit purchases by average trade payables.



# Prayosha Expo Private Limited

CIN-U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### Net Capital Turnover ratio

It measures the entity's ability to generate sales per rupee of long-term investment. A higher ratio indicates better utilization of long-term funds of owners and the lenders. It is calculated by dividing turnover by Working capital.

#### Net Profit Margin (%)

The net profit margin is equal to how much net income or profit is generated as a percentage of total income. It is calculated by dividing the profit for the year by total income.

#### Return on Capital Employed

Return on Capital Employed (RoCE) is a financial ratio that measures a Company's profitability and the efficiency with which its capital issued, in other words, the ratio measures how well a Company is generating profits from its capital. It is calculated by dividing profit before exceptional items, Finance cost and tax by capital employed during the period.

#### B37 Commitments and contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the firm or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

| Claims against the firm not acknowledged as debts | As at March 31, 2025 | As at<br>March 31, 2024 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Tax matters                                       | 7.26                 | 0.14                    |

- (i) It is not practicable for the firm to estimate the timings of the cash flows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings as it is determinable only on receipt of judgements/ decisions pending with various forums/ authorities.
- (ii) The firm have reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required or disclosed as contingent flabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The firm does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial statements.

# B38 Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

| Amount required to be spent by the | Company during the year |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Amount of expenditure incurred     |                         |
| Total of previous years shortfall  |                         |
| Shortfall at the end of the year   |                         |
| Nature of CSR activities:          |                         |

| As as          | As at          |
|----------------|----------------|
| March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 |
| 1.33           | 1.49           |
| 1.34           | 1.49           |
|                | -              |

- i) Health Infrastructure Development(towards Dialysis and Cardiac Catheterization equipment) through BAPS Shastriji Maharaj Hospital.
- ii) Healthcare services to the underpriviledged sections of society through Shroffs Foundation Trust.
- iii) Education and research for underpriviledged sections of society through The government servants trust for education and research

#### B39 Previous Year's Figures

The figures for the previous year have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to conform with the current year's classification. These regroupings do not have any material impact on the financial results of the previous year unless otherwise stated.

#### B40 Recent pronouncements

"Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

B41 The Code on Social Security, 2020 ("Code") relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period when the Code becomes effective.



#### Prayosha Expo Private Limited CIN - U52100GJ2011PTC065612

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

#### **B42 Other statutory information**

- i The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property
- ii The Company has no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956
- iii The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period
- iv The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- v The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- vi The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ( Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vii The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 ( such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- viii The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or government or any government authority.
- ix Compliance with number of layer of companies as per Companies Act, 2013 -
  - The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- x. The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current financial year.
- xi The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right- of- Use Assets) or Intangible assets or both during the current financial year.

xii The company has used the borrowings from financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.

In terms of our report attached For J. C. Bhalla & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 001111N

Akhii Bhalla

Partner

Membership No. 505002

Place - New Delhi Date - May 22, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Prayosha Expo Private Limited

SandipKumar Arvindbh

Anuj Jain

DIN - 11077148

Director

DIN - 02884745